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The Fates decree, that it's a mighty aprong To Woemen Kinde to have more Greife, then Tonque

The Rape of

LUCRECE,

TARQUIN the Sixt

AND

The remarkable judgments that befel him for it

The incomparable Master, of our English Poetry, WILL: SHAKESPEARE Gent.

Whereunto is annexed,

The Banishment of TARQUIN: Or, the Reward of Lust.

By J. QUARLES.



LONDON.

Printed by 7. G. for John Stafford in George-yar neer Fleet-bridge, and will: Gilbertson at the Bible in Giltspur-street, 1655.

151,399 May, 1873



To my esteemed friend Mr. Nehemiah Massey.

T Look upon Ingratitude as a crime beyond addition, which made Seneca once say, Si ingraeum dixeris, omnia dixisti: to avoid which (having no other means left to expresse my gratitude for those many favours A3 which

The Epistle Dedicatory.

which I have received from you) I have here made bold to present you with this small work, which if you accept, you will ever engage

Your absolute friend,

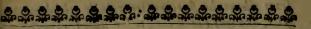
John Quarles.

neans left to expresse my gratitide for those many favours

: A

Nymicia

The



The Argument.

Ucius Tarquinius (for his excessive pride surna-med Superbus) after he had caused his own father in law, Servius Tullius to be cruelly murder'd, and contrary to the Roman lawes and customes, not requiring or staying for the peoples suffrages, had possessed himselfe of the kingdome: went accompanied with his sonnes and other noble men of Rome to besiege Ardea: during which, the principall men of the Army meeting one evening at the Tent of Sextus Tarquinius, the Kings son, in their discourses after supper, every one commended the vertues of his own wife: among whom Collatinus extolled the incomparable chastity of his mife Lucretia. In that pleasant humor they all posted to Rome, and intending by their secret and sudden arrivall, to make tryall of that which every one had before avonched, only Collatinus finds his wife (though it were late in the night) spinning among st her maids, the other Ladies were all found dancing and revelling, or in severall disports Whereupon the Noble men yeelded Collatinus the victory, and his wife the fame. At that time Sextus Tarquinius being enflamed with Lucreces beauty; yet smothering his passion for the present, departed with the rest backe to the Camp, from

The Argument.

from whence he shortly after privily withdrew himselfe, and was (according to his state) royally entertained and lodged by Lucrece at Collatium. The same night, hee trecherously stealeth into her Chamber, violently ravisht her, and early in the morning speedeth away. Lucrece in this lamentable plight, hastily dispatcheth messengers; one to Rome for her father, another to the Camp for Collatine. They came the one accompanied with Junius Brutus; the other with Publius Valerius: and finding Lucrece attyred in mourning habit, demanded the cause of her sorrow. She first taking an oath of them for her revenge, revealed the actor, and whole manner of his dealing, and withall suddenly stabbed her self. Which done, with consent, they all vowed to root out the whole hated family of the Tarquins : and bearing the dead body to Rome, Brutus acquainted the people with the doer and manner of the vile deed, with a bitter invective against the tyranny of the King, wherewith the people were so moved with one consent, and a generall acclamation, that the Tarquins were all exiled, & the state government changed from Kings to Consuls.

the mark this will be properly on

All the state of t

The Rape of Lucrece.

For that he coloured with his high estate,
Hiding base sinne in pleats of Majesty:
That nothing in him seem'd inordinate,
Save something too much wonder of his eye,
Which having all, all could not satisfie,
But poorely rich so wanteth in his store,
That cloyd with much, he pineth still for more.

But the that never cop't with stranger eyes,
Could pick no meaning from their parling lookes,
Nor read the subtile shining secrecies
Writ in the glassie margents of such bookes,
She toucht no unknown baits, not fear'd no hooks,
Nor could she moralize his wanton sight,
More than his eyes were opend to the light.

He stories to her eares her hubands same,
Wonne in the fields of fruitfull Italy:
And decks with praises Colatines high name,
Made glorious by his manly chivalry,
With bruised armes and wreaths of vittory;
Her joy with heav'd-up hand she doth express,
And worldlesse so greets heaven for his success.

Far from the purpose of his comming thither, He makes excuses for his being there; No cloudy show of stormy blustring weather Doth yet in his faire welkin once appear, Till sable night sad source of dread and seare, Upon the world dim darknesse doth display, And in her vaulty prison shuts the day.

 \mathbf{B}_3

For then is Tarquin brought unto his bed,
Intending Wearinesse with heavy sprite:
For after supper long he questioned
With modest Lucrece, and wore out the night:
Now leaden sumber with lives strength doth fight,
And every one to rest themselves betake,
Save theeves, & cares, & troubled minds that wake.

As one of which doth Tarquin lie revolving,
The fundry dangers of his mils obtaining:
Yet ever to obtaine his mill resolving, (ning
Though weak built hopes perswade him to abstaiDespaire to gaine doth traffique oft for gaining,
And when great treasure is the meed proposed,
Though death be adjunct, ther's no death supposed

That oft they have not that which they possesse,
They scatter and unloose it from the bond,
And so by hoping more they have but lesse,
Or gaining more the profit of excesse,
Is but to surfet, and such griefes sustaine,
That they prove bankrout in this poor rich gaine.

Those that much covet are with gaine so fond.

The ayme of all is but to nurse the life
With honour, wealth and ease, in wayning age:
And in this ayme there is such thwarting strife,
That one for all, or all for one we gage:
As life for honor, in fell battailes rage,
Honor for wealth, and oft that wealth dost cost

The death of all, and all together lost.

So

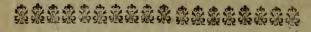
The Rape of Lucrece.

So that in ventring ill, we leave to be
The things we are, for that which we expect:
And this ambitious foule infirmity,
In having much, torments us with defect
Of that we have: fo then we doe neglect
The thing we have, and all for want of wit,
Make something nothing, by augmenting it.

Such hazard now must doting Tarquin make,
Pawning his konor to obtaine his lust:
And for himselfe, him else he must forsake:
Then where is truth, if there he not self-trust;
When shall he think to find a stanger just,
When he himself himself consounds, betraies
To slanderous tongues wretchedhatefull dayes?

Now stole upon the time the dead of night,
When heavy sleep had clos'd up mortall eye,
No comfortable starre did lend his light,
No noise but Owles & wolves death-boding cries:
Now serves the feason that they may surprize
The silly Lambs, pure thoughts are dead & still,

The filly Lambs, pure thoughts are dead & still, While Lust and Murder wakes to staine & kill.



Tarquin disputing the matter, at last resolves to satisfie his lust.

And now this !ustfull Lord leapt from his bed,
Throwing his mantle rudely ore his arme,
Is madly tost betweene desire and dread;
Th'one sweetly flatters, th'other feareth harme,
But honest feare, bewitcht with lusts soule charm,
Doth too too oft betake him to retire,
Beaten away by brain-sick rude desire.

His Fauchion on a flint he foitly smiteth, That from the cold stone sparkes of fire doth slie, Whereat a waxen torch forthwith he lighteth, Which must be loade-star to his lustfull eye,

And to the flame thus fpeaks advisedly;
As from this cold flint I enforce this fire,
So Lucrece must I force to my desire.

Here pale with feare he doth premeditate, The dangers of his loathfome enterprise: And in his inward minde he doth debate, What following forrow may on this arise: Then looking scornfully, he doth despise

His naked armour of still slaughtered lust, And justly thus controul's his thoughts unjust.

Faire



THE

RAPE OF LUCRECE.

1. The praising of Lucrece as chast, vertuous, and beautifull, maketh Tarquin enamour'd.

Rom the besieg'd Ardea all in post, I Born by the trustlesse wings of false desire; Lust breathed Tarquin leaves the Roman bost, And to Colatium beares the lightleffe fire, Which in pale embers hid, lurkes to aspire And girdle with imbracing flames the Wast. Of Colatines faire love, Lucrece the chast.

Haply that name of chast, unhappy set This batelesse edge on his keene appetite: When Colatine unwisely did not let To praise the cleere unmatched red and white, Which triumpht in that skie of his delight,

Where mortal star as bright as heavens beauties, With pure aspetts did him peculiar duties.

For

For he the night before in Tarquins tent,
Unlockt the treasure of his happy state:
What pricelesse mealth the heavens had him lent
In the possession of his beauteous mate,
Reckoning his fortune at so high a rate
That Kings might be espoused to more same:
But King nor Prince to such a peerelesse dame.

O happinesse enjoyed but of a few,
And if possess, as soone decayde and done:
As if the mornings silver melting dew,
Against the golden splendor of the Sunne,
A date expir'd: and cancel'd ere begun.

Honor and beauty in the owners armes,
Are weakly fortrest from a world of harmes.

Beauty it felf, doth of it felf perswade
The eyes of men without an Orator,
What needeth then Apalogies be made
To set forth that which is so singular?
Or why is Colatine the publisher
Of that rich Jewel he should keep unknown,
From theeyish eares because it is his own?

Perchance his boast of Lucrece Sou'raignty,
Suggested this proud iffue of a King:
For by our eares our hearts oft tainted be,
Perchance that envy of so rich a thing
Braving compare, disdainfully did sting (vant
His high pitcht thoughts, that meaner men should
The golden hap which their superiors want.

Bu

But some untimely thought did instigate, His all too timelesse speed, if none of those, His honor, his affaires, his friends, his state, Neglected all; with swift intent he goes, To quench the coale which in his liver growes. O rash false heat, wrapt in repentant cold; Thy hafty spring still blasts and n'ere grows old.



2. Tarquin welcomed by Lucrece.

Well was he welcom'd by the Romane Within whose face beauty & vertue ftriv'd, (dame, Which of them both should underprop her fame, When vertue brag'd, beauty would blush for When beauty boasted blushes, in despight (sham, Vertue would stain that o're with silver white.

But beauty in that white intituled, From Venus doves doth challenge that faire field, Then vertue claimes from beauty beauties red, Which vertue gave the golden age to gild Their silver cheekes, and cald it then their shield, Teaching them thus to use it in the fight, (white. When shame assail'd, the red should fence the

This Herauldry in Lucrece face was seen,
Argued by beauties red and vertues white,
Of eithers colour was the other Queene;
Proving from worlds minority their right,
Yet their ambition makes them still to fight:
The Sov'raignty of either being so great,
That oft they interchange each others seat.

This filent warre of Lillies and of Roses,
Which Tarquin view'd in her faire faces field,
In their pure ranks his traytor eye encloses,
Where lest between them both it should be kild,
The coward captive vanquished doth yeild
To those two armes that would let him goe,
Rather than triumph in so false a foe.

Now thinks he that her husband shallow tongue, The niggard prodigall that prais'd her so, In that high task hath done her beauty wrong, Which farre exceeds his barren skill to show. Therefore that praise which Colatine doth owe,

Inchanted Tarquin answers with surmise, In silent monder of still gazing eyes.

This earthly Saint adored by this Divell,
Little suspecteth the false morshipper;
"For thoughts unstain'd do seldome dream on
"Birds never lim'd, no secret bushes seare: (evil,
So guiltlesse she securely gives good chear,
And reverend melcome to her princely guest,

Whose inward ill no outward harme exprest.

For

Faire torch burne out thy light, and lend it not,
To darken her whose light excelleth thine:
And die unhallowed thoughts before you blot
With your uncleannesse that which is divine:
Offer pure incense to so pure a shrine:
Let saire humanity abhor the deed, (need.
That spots and staines loves modest snow-white

O shame to Knighthood, and to shining armes,
O soule dishonour to my housholds grave:
O impious Ast including all soule harmes,
A martiall man to be soft fancies slave,
True valour still a true respect should have:
Then my digression is so vile, so base,
That it will live engraven in my face.

Yes though I die the fcandall will survive,
And be an eie-fore in my golden coate:
Some loathsome dash the Herald will contrive,
To cipher me how fondly I did dote:
That my posterity sham'd with the note
Shall curse my bones, and hold it for no sinne.
To wish that I their fether had not been

To wish that I their father had not been.

What win I if I gaine the thing I seeke?

A dream, a breath, a froth of fleeting joy,

Who buies a minutes mirth to waile a weeke?

Or sels eternity to get a toy?

For one sweet grape who will the vine destroy?

Or what fond beggar but to touch the crowne,

Would with the scepter straight be strucken down.

If Colatinus dream of my intent,
Will be not wake; and in a desperate rage
Post hither, this vile purpose to prevent?
This siege that hath ingirt his marriage,
This blur to youth, this sorrow to the sage,
This dying virtue, this surviving shame,
Whose crime will beare an ever-during blame.

O what excuse can my invention make
When thou shalt charge me with so black a deed:
Will not my tongue be mute, my frail joynes shake?
Mine eies forgoe their light, my false heart bleed
The guilt being great, the fear doth still exceed,
And extreme feare can neither fight nor flie,
But coward like with trembling terror die.

Had Colainus kild my Sonne or Sire,
Or laine in ambush to betray my life;
Or were he not my deare friend, this desire
Might have excuse to work upon his wife;
As in revenge or quitall of such strife:
But as he is my kinsman, my deare friend,
The shame and fault finds no excuse nor end.

Shamefull it is, if once the fact be knowne,
Hatefull it is: there is no hate in loving,
I'le beg her love: but the is not her owne:
The worst is but deniall, and reproving.
My will is strong, past reasons weake removing.
Who fears a sentence or an old mans saw,
Shall by a painted cloth be kept in awe.

Thus

Thus (gracelesse) holds he disputation,
Tween frozen conscience and hot burning will,
And with good thoughts makes dispensation,
Urging the worser sense for vantage still
Which in a moment doth consound and kill
All pure effects, and doth so farre proceed,
That what is vile shewes like a vertuous deed.

Quoth he, she tooke me kindly by the hand, And gaz'd for tydings in my eager eies, Fearing some bad newes from the warlike hand Where her beloved Colatinus lies.

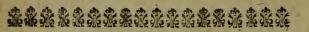
O how her fear did make her colour rise?

First red as Roses that on Lawne we lay, Then white as Lawne the Roses tooke away.

And now her hand in my hand being lockt,
Forst it to tremble with her loyall feare;
Which strooke her sad, and then it safter rockt,
Untill her husbands welfare she did heare,
Whereat she smiled with so sweet a cheare
That had Narcissus seen her as she stood,
Selfe-love had never drown'd him in the shood.

Why hunt I then for colour or excuses?
All Orators are dumbe when beauty pleads,
Poor wretches have remorfe in poor abuses,
Love thrives not in the heart that shadowes dreads
Affections is my Captaine and he leades!

And when this gaudy banner is displaide, The coward fights, and will not be dismaide.



4. He puts his resolution in practice.

THen childish feare avant, debating die, A Respect and Reason waite on wrinkled age: My heart shall never countermand mine eye, Sad Pause and deepe Regard beseems the Sage, My part is youth, and beats these from the stage; Desire my pilot is, Beauty my prise, (lies? Then who feares sinking where such treasure

As corne ore-grown by weeds, so heedfull feare, Is almost choakt by unresisted lust, Away he steales with open listning eare, Full of foul hope and full of fond mistrust: Both which as servitors to the unjust. So crosse him with their opposite perswasion, That now he vowes a league, and now invasion.

Within his thought her heavenly image fits, And in the self same feat sits Colatine, That eye which lookes on her, confounds his mits, That eye which him beholds, as more divine Unto a view so false will not incline:

But with a pure appeale seeks to the heart, Which once corrupted, takes the worfer part.

And therein heartens up his service powers,
Who flattered by their leaders jocond show,
Stuffe up his lust, as minutes fill up howres:
And as their Captaine, so their pride doth grow,
Paying more slavish tribute than they owe,
By reprobate desire thus madly led,
The Romane Lord doth march to Lucrece bed.

The locks betweene her chamber and his will, Each one by him enforst, recites his ward, But as they open, they all rate his ill; Which drives the creeping thiefe to some regard. The threshold grates the doore to have him heard: Night-wandring weezels shreek to see him there, They fright him, yet he still pursues his fear.

As each unwilling portall yeilds him way,
Through little vents and crannies of the place,
The winde wars with his torch to make him flay,
And blowes the fmoake of it into his face,
Extinguishing his conduct in this case:
But his hot heart, which fond desire doth scorch,
Puffes forth another winde that fires the torch.

And being lighted by the light he spies, Lucrecia's glove, wherein her needle sticks, He takes it from the rushes where it lies, And griping it, the needle his finger pricks: As who should say, this glove to wanton tricks.

Is not inur'd, returne againe in hast, Thou seest out Mistresse ornaments are chast. But all these poor forbiddings could not stay him, He in the worst fense construes their denialt, The dooes, the wind, the glove that did delay him, He takes for accidentall things of tryall, Or as those barres which stop the hourly diall, Who with a lingring stay his course doth let,

Till every minute payes the hour his debt.

So, so, quoth he, these lets attend the time,
Like little frosts that sometime threat the spring,
To adde a more rejoycing to the prime,
And give the sneaped birds more cause to sing,
Paine paies the incom of each pretious thing. (sands,
Huge rocks, high minds, strong pirats, shelves and
The merchant seares, ere rich at home he lands.

Now is he come unto the chamber doore,
That shuts him from the heaven of his thought,
Which with a yeilding latch and with no more,
Hath bard him from the blessed thing he sought.
So from himsels impiety bath wrought
That for his prey to pray he doth begin,
As if the heavens should countenance his sinne.

But in the midst of his unfruitfull prayer,
Having sollicited the eternal power, (faire,
That his soule thoughts might compasse his faire
And they would stand auspitious to the hower,
Even there he starts, quoth he, I must deslowe:
The powers to whom I pray, abhor this sac,

How can they then affift me in the all?

Then

The Rape of Lucrece.

15

Then love and fortune be my Gods, and guide,
My Will is backt with resolution:
Thoughts are but dreames till their effects be tried,
Black sinne is cleared with absolution,
Against leves fire, feares frost hath dissolution.
The eye of heaven is out, and misty night,
Covers the shame that tollowes sweet delight.

This faid, his guilty hand pluckt up the latch,
And with his knee the doore he opens wide,
The Dove fleeps fast that this night-owl will catch,
Thus reason works ere traitors be espied:
Who sees the lurking serpent steps aside;
But she sound sleeping, fearing no such thing,
Lies at the mercy of his mortal sting.

Into the chamber wickedly he stalkes,
And gazeth on her yet unstained bed:
The curtaines being close, about he walkes,
Rouling his greedy eye bals in his head,
By their high treason is his heart missed. (soone,
Which gives the watch word to his hand too
To draw the cloude that hides the silver Moone.

Looke as the faire and fiery pointed Sunne, Rushing from forth a cloud, bereaves our fight: Even so the curtaine drawn his eyes begun To winke, being blinded, with a greater light. Whether it is that she reslects so bright

That dazleth them or else some suppos'd, But blind they are, & keep themselves inclos'd. O had they in that darksome prison died,
Then had they seen the period of their ill;
Then Colatine again by Lucrece side,
In his cleere bed might have reposed still:
But they must ope this blessed league to kill:
And holy-thoughted Lucrece to their sight,
Must sell her joy, her life, her worlds delight.

Her lilly hand her rosie cheeks lies under, Couzening the pillow of a lawfull kisse; Who therefore angry seemes to part in sunder; Swelling on either side to want his bliss, Between whose hils her head intombed is. Where like a vertuous monument she lies,

To be admir'd of lewd unhallowed eyes.

Without the bed her other faire hand was,
On the greene coverlet, whose perfect white
Show'd like an April dazie on the grasse.
With pearly sweat, resembling dew of night.
Her eyes like Marigolds had sheath'd their light,
And canopied in darknesse sweetly lay,

And canopied in darknesse sweetly lay, Till they might open to adorne the day.

Her hair like golden threads plaid with her breath,
O modest manton's, wanton modesty!
Showring lifes triumph in the map of death,
And deaths dim looke in lives mortality.
Each in her sleepe themselves so beautisse,

As if betweene them twaine there were no strife, But that life liv'd on earth, and death in life.

Her

Her brests like ivory globes circled with blem;
A paire of maiden morlds unconquered:
Save of their Lord no bearing yoke they knew,
And him by oath they truly honoured,
These worlds in Tarquin new ambition bred.
Who like a foule Osurper went about,
From this faire thorne to have the owner out.

What could he see but mightily he noted?
What did he note, but strongly he desired?
What he beheld, on that he firmly doted,
And in his will his wilfull eye he tyred.
With more than admiration he admired
Her azure veines, her alablaster skinne,
Her corall lips, her snow white dimpled chin.

As the grim Lyon fawneth ore his prey,
Sharpe hunger by the conquest satisfied:
So ore this sleeping soule doth Tarquin stay,
His rage of lust by gazing qualified.
Slackt, not supprest, for standing by her side,
His eye which late this mutiny restraines,
Unto a greater uproare tempts his veines.

And they like stragling staves for pillage fighting, Obdurate vassals sell exploits effecting: In bloudy death and ravishment delighting, Nor childrens teares, nor mothers grones respecting, Swell in their pride, the onset still expecting.

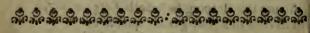
Anon his beating heart alarm striking, Gives the hot charge & bids them do their liking.

C

His

His drumming heart cheares up his burning eye,
His eye commends the leading to his hand:
His hand as proud of fuch a dignity,
Smoaking with pride, marcht on to make his fland
On her bare breafts, the heart of all her land,
Whose ranks of blew veins as his hand did scale,
Left their round turrets destitute and pale.

They mustering to the quiet Cabinet,
Where their deare governesse and Lady lies,
Doe tell her she is dreadfully beset,
And fright her with consustion of their cryes:
She much amaz'd breakes ope her lockt up eyes:
Who peeping forth this tumult to behold,
Are by his flaming torch dim'd and controld.



Lucretia Wakes amazed and confounded to be so surprized.

I Magine her as one in dead of night,

From forth dull fleepe by dreadfull fancy waking.

That thinks she hath beheld some gastly sprite,

Whose grim aspect sets every joynt a shaking,

What terrour t'is: but she in worser taking,

From fleepe disturbed, heedfully doth view

The fight which makes supposed terror rue.

Wrap

Wrapt and confounded in a thousand feares,
Like to a new-kild bird she trembling lies:
She dares not looke, yet winking there appeares
Quick shifting Antiques ugly in her eyes,
Such shadowes are the weake braines forgeries,
Who angry that the eyes she from their lights,
In darkness daunts them with more dreadfull sights.

His hand that yet remaines upon her brest, (Rude Ram to batter such an Ivory wall:) May feele her heart (poor Citizen) distrest, Wounding it self to death, rise up and fall: Beating her Bulk that his hand shakes withall.

This moves in him more rage, and lesser pity,
To make the breach, and enter this sweet City.

First like a trumpet doth his tengue begin
To sound a tarley to his heartleste fee,
Who ore the white sheet peeres her whiter chin;
The reason of this rash alarm to know,
Which he by dumb demeanor seeks to show:
But she with vehement prayers urgeth still,
Under what colour he commits the ill.

Thus he replyes, the colour in this face,
That even for anger makes the Lily pale,
And the red Rose blush at her own disgrace,
Shall plead for me, and tell my loving tale,
Under that colour am I come to scale
Thy never conquered Fort, the fault is thine,
For those thine eyes betray thee unto mine.

That

The Rape of Lucrece.

20

Thus I forestall thee: if thou meane to chide, Thy beauty hath insnar'd thee to this night. Where thou with patience must my will abide: My will that markes thee for my earths delight, Which I to conquer fought with all my might.

But as reproofe and reason beat it dead, By thy bright beauty it was newly bred.

I fee what croffes my attempts will bring, I know what thornes the growing Rose defends, I thinke the hony guarded with a sting, All this before hand counsell comprehends. But will is deaf, and heares no heedfull friends, Only he hath an eye to gaze on beauty,

And dotes on what he lookes, gainst law or duty.

I have debated even in my foule, What wrong, what shame, what forrow I shall breed, But nothing can affections course controule Or stop the headlong fury of his speed, I know repentant teares insue the deed.

Reproach, disdaine, and deadly enmity, Yet strive I to imbrace mine infamy.

This faid, he shakes aloft his Romane blade, Which like a Faulcon towring in the skies, Couchet the fowle below with his mings shade, Whose crook beake threats, if he mount he dyes So under the infulting Fauchion lies

Harmlesse Lucretia, marking what he tels, (bels With trembling feare, as fowle heare Faulcons

Lucre

Lucrece, quoth he, this night I must enjoy thee; If thou deny, then force must work my way: For in thy bed I purpose to destroy thee. That done, some worthlesse slave of thine Ile slay, To kill thine honor with thy lives decay.

And in thy dead armes doe I meane to place him, Swearing I flew him feeing thee imbrace him.

So thy surviving huband shall remaine,
The scornfull marke of every open eye,
The kinsmen hang their hearts at this distaine,
Thy issue blurd with namelesse hastardy:
And thou the Author of their obloguy,
Shall have thy trespasse cited up in rimes,
And sung by children in succeeding times.

But if thou yeild, I rest thy secret friend,
The fault unknown is as though unasted,
A little harme done to a great good end,
For lawfull policy remaines enacted.
The poysonous simple sometimes is compacted
In purest compounds, being so applyed,
His venome in essect is purified.

Then for thy huband and thy childrens fake, Tender my fuit, bequeath not to their lot him. The hame that from them no device can take, The blemish that will never be forgot a may Worse than a savish wipe, or birth hours blot:

For markes described in mens nativity,
Are Natures faults, not their own infamy.

Here

The Rape of Lucrece.

22 Here with a Cockatrice dead killing eye, He rouseth up himselfe, and makes a pause, While the picture of pure piety. (clawes Like a white Hinde beneath the gripes sharpe Pleades in a mildernesse where are no lawes,

To the rough beaft, that knows no gentle right, Nor ought obeyes but his foul appetite.

But when a black-fac'd cloud the world doth threat. In his dim mist the aspiring mountaine hiding, From earths dark womb some gentle gust doth ger, Which blow thele pitchy vapours from their biding, Hindring their present fall by this dividing.

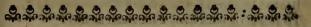
So his unhallowed hafte her words delaies, And moody Pluto winkes while Orpheus plaies.

Yet foule night waking Cat he doth but dally, While in his hold-fast foot the weake monse panteth. Her sad behaviour feeds his vulture folly; A swallowing gulfe that even in plenty wanteth. His eare her praiers admits, but his heart granteth No penetrable entrance to her plaining, (ning. Teares harden lust, though marble wears with ray-

Her pitty pleading eyes are fadly fixed In the remorfelesse wrinckles of his face: Her modest eloquence with sighes is mixed, Which to her Oratory addes more grace. She puts the period often from his place,

And midft the sentence so her accent breaks, That twice she doth begin ere once she speaks.

Lucrece



Lucrece pleadeth in defence of Chastity, and exprobateth his uncivill lust.

She conjures him by high Almighty fove,
By Knighthood, Gentry, & sweet friendships oath,
By her untimely tears, her Hubands love,
By holy humane law, and common troth.
By heaven and earth, and all the powers of both,
That to his borrowed bed he make retire,
And stoop to Honor, not to foule desire.

Quoth she, reward not Hospitality
With such black payment as thou hast pretended,
Mudde not the fountaine that gave drink to thee,
Marre not the thing that cannot be amended:
End thy ill ayme, before thy shoot be ended.
He is no Wood-man that doth bend his bow

He is no Wood-man that doth bend his bow To strike a poor unseasonable Doe.

My husband is thy friend, for his fake spare me,
Thy self art mighty, for thine owne sake leave me:
My selfe a weakling, doe not then insnare me.
Thou look'st not like deceit, doe not deceive me.
My sighs like whirlwinds labor hence to heave thee:
If ever man was mov'd with womans mones,
Be moved with my teares, my sighes, my grones.

C 4 Al

All which together like a troubled Ocean,
Beat at thy rocky, and wracke-threatning heart,
To foften it with their continual motion:
For stones diffolv'd, to mater doe convert,
Or if no harder than a stone thou art,
Melt at my teares and be compassionate,
Soft pity enters at an iron gate.

In Tarquins likenesse I did entertaine thee,
Hast thou put on his shape to doe him shame?
To all the hosts of heaven I complaine mee,
Thou wrongst his Honor, woundst his princely name
Thou art not what thou seem'st, and if the same,
Thou seem'st not what thou art, a God, a King,
For Kings, like Gods should governe every thing.

How will thy shame be seeded in thine age,
When thus thy vices bud before thy spring,
If in thy hope thou dar'st doe such outrage.
What dar'st thou not when once thou art a King.
O be remembred, no outragious thing
From vasfall actors can be wipt away
Theu Kings misseeds cannot be hid in clay.

This deed shall make thee only lov'd for scare, But happy Monarchs still are sear'd for love: With soule offenders thou perforce must beare, When they in thee the like offences prove: If but for sear of this, thy will remove.

For Princes are the glasse, the schoole, the booke, Where subjects cies doe learn, doe read, doe looke.

And

And wilt thou be the schoole where lust shall learne? Must he in thee read lectures of such shame? Wilt thou be glasse wherein it shall discerne Authority for sinne, warrant for blame? To priviledge dishonour in thy name.

Thou black'st reproch against long living land, And mak'st faire Reputation but a band.

Hast thou commanded by him that gave it thee From a pure heart commanded thy rebell will: Draw not thy sword to gard iniquity, For it was lent thee all that brood to kill, Thy princely office how canst thou fulfill

When patternd by thy fault, foule sinne, may say, He learnd to sinne, and thou didst teach the way?

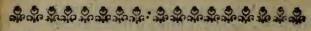
Thinke but how vile a spectacle it were,
To view thy present trespasse in another:
Mens faults do seldome to themselves appeare,
Theire owne transgressions partially they smother:
This guilt would seeme death-worthy in thy brother

O how are they wrapt in with infamies, That from her owne misseds askaunce their eies.

To thee, to thee, my heav'd up hands appeale,
Not to seducing last thy rash reply:
I sue for exil'd majesties repeale,
Let him returne and flattering thoughts retire:
His true respect will prison sale desire,

And wipe the dim mist from thy doting eies, That thou shalt see thy state and pitty mine.

Haus



Tarquin all impatient, interrupts her; and denyed of consent, breaketh the enclosure of her Chastity by force.

Ave done, quoth he, my uncontrolled tide
Furns not, but swells the higher by this let:
Small lights are soone blown out, huge fires abide,
And with the minde in greater fury fret:
The pretty fireames that pay a daily debt
To their salt soveraigne with their fresh sals hast,
Adde to this flom, but alter not the taste.

Thou art (quoth she) a sea, a soveraine King, And loe, there fals into thy boundlesse flood, Black lust, dishonour, shame, misgoverning, Who seeke to straine the Ocean of thy bloud. If all these petty ils shall change thy good,

Thy sea within a puddle wombe is persed, And not the puddle in thy sea dispersed.

So shall these slaves be King, and thou their slave:
Thou nobly base, they basely dignissed:
Thou their saire life, and they thy souler grave:
Thou loathed in their shame, they in thy pride,
The lesser thing should not the greater hide.
The Cedar stoopes not to the base shrubs soote,

But low shrubs wither at the Cedars root.

So let thy thoughts low vassals to thy state,
No more quoth he, by heaven I will not hear thee,
Yeeld not my tove, if to, enforced hate
Instead of loves coy touch shall rudely teare thee:
That done, dispigntfully I mean to beare thee
Unto the base bed of some raicall groome,
To be thy partner in this shamefull doome.

This said, he sets his soot upon the light,
For light and lust are deadly enemies:
Shame folded up in blind concealing night,
When most unseen, then most doth tyrannize.
The wolfe hath seiz'd his Prey, the poor Lamb cries
Till with her owne white sleece her voice controld:
Intombs her out-cry in her lips sweet fold.

For with the nightly linnen that she weares, He pens her piteous clamors in her head, Cooling his hot face in the chastest teares, That ever modest eies with forrow shed. O that foule lust should staine so pure a bed: The spots whereof could weeping purifie; Her tears should drop on them perpetually.

But she hath lost a dearer thing than life,
And he hath won what he would lose againe.
This forced league doth force a further strife,
This momentary jey breeds moneths of paine,
This hot desire converts to cold distaine:
Pure Chastity is risted of her store,
And lust, the theese, far poorer than before.

Loob:

Looke as the full-fed Hound or gorged Hawke,
Unapt for tender fmell or speedy flight,
Make slow pursuit, or altogether bauke
The prey wherein by nature they delight:
So surfeit-taking Tarquin scares this night.
His taste delicious, in digestion sowring,
Devoures his mill, that liv'd by soule devouring.

O deeper sinne than bottomelesse conceite,
Can comprehend in still imagination!
Drunken desire must vomit his receite,
Ere he can see his own abhomination.
While lust is in his pride, no exclamation
Can curb his heat, or reine his rash desire,
Till like a Jade selfe-will himself doth tire.

And then with lanke and leane discolour'd cheeke, With heavy eye, knit brow, and strengthlesse pace, Feeble desire all recreant, poor and meeke, Like to a bankerout begger wailes his case:
The sless proud, desire doth sight with grace:
For there it revels, and when that decayes,
The guilty rebel for remission prayes.

So fares it with this fault-full Lord of Rome,
Who this accomplishment so hotly chased;
For now against himself he sounds this doome, (ced
That through the length of times he stands disgraBesides, his soules faire temple is defaced:

To whose weake raines muster troopes of cares, To aske the spotted Princesse how she fares.

She

She sayes her subjests with soule resurrection,
Have battred downe her consecrated wall,
And by their mortall fault brought in subjection:
Her immortality, and made her thrall
To living death and paine perpetuall,
Which in her presence she controuded still,
But her foresight could not forest, all their mill,

Even in this thought through the dark night he stead A captive victor that hath lost in gaine: (leth Bearing away the wound that nothing healeth, The scar that will despight of Cure remaine, Leaving his spoile perplext in greater paine.

She beares the load of lust he lest behinde, And he the burthen of a guilty minde.

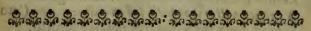
He like a theevish dog creepes sadly thence,
She like a wearied Lamb lies panting there;
He scowles and hates himself for his offence,
She desperate, with her nailes her flest doth teare,
He faintly flies, swearing with guilty scare;
She stayes exclaiming on the direfull night;
He runs and chides his vanisht loth'd delight.

He thence departs a heavy convertite,
She there remaines a hopeleffe cast and
He in his speed lookes for the morning light.
She prayes she never may behold the day,
For day, quoth she, night scapes doth open lay:
And my true eyes have never practis'd how,
To cloake offences with a cunning brow.

The

30

They think not but that every eye can fee,
The same disgrace which they themselves behold:
And therefore would they still in darknesse lie,
To have their unseen sinne remaine untold:
For they their guilt with weeping will unfold,
And grave, like water that doth eate in steele,
Upon my cheeks what helplesse shame I feele.



Lucrece thus abused complaines on her misery.

Here she exclaimes against repose and rest,
And bids her eyes hereaster still be blind:
She wakes her heart by beating on her breast,
And bids it leape from thence where it may finde
Some purer chest, to close so pure a minde. (spight
Frantick with griefe thus breaths she forth her
Against the unseen secrecy of night.

O comfort killing night, image of Hell,
his resider, and notary of shame,
Black have for tragedies and murthers fell,
Valt since concealing Chaos, nurse of blame,
Blind muffled bawde, darke harbor of defame,
Grim cave of death, whispring conspirator,
With close-tongu'd treason, and the ravisher.

O hatefull vapourous and foggy night,
Since thou art guilty of my curelesse crime:
Muster thy mists to meet the Easterne light,
Make war against proportion'd course of time:
Or if thou wilt permit the Sunne to clime
His wonted height, yet ere he goe to bed,
Knit poysonous clouds about his go'den head.

With rotten damps ravish the morning ayr,
Let their exhal'd unwholesome breaths make sick
The life of purity, the supreme faire,
Ere he arrive his weary noon-tyde pricke,
And let thy misty vapours march so thick,
That in their smooky ranks his smothered light,
May set at noone and make perpetual night.

Were Tarquin night as he is but nights child, The filver shining Queene he would distaine, Her twinckling handmaids too (by him defil'd) Through Nights black bosom shold not peep again, So should I have copartners in my paine.

And fellowship in moe doth moe asswage.

As Palmers that make short their Pilgrimage.

Where now I have no one to blush with me, (mine, To crosse their armes and hang their heads with To maske their browes and hide their infamy, But I alone, alone must sit and pine, Seasoning the earth with showers of silver brine, Mingling my talk with tears, my grief with grones:

Poor wasting monuments of lasting mones.

O night thou furnace of foule reeking smoke, Let not the jealous day behold that face Which underneath thy black all-hiding cloak Immodestly lies martyred with disgrace. Keep still possession of thy gloomy place,

That all the faults which in thy reigne are made,

May likewise be sepulchred in thy shade.

Make me not object to the tell tale day,
The light shall shew charactred in my brow,
The story of sweet chastities decay,
The impious breach of holy wedlocks now.
Yea, the illiterate that know not how
To cipher what is writ in learned bookes,
Will quote my loathsome trespasse in my lookes.

The nurse to still her child will tell my story,
And fright her crying babe with Tarquins name:
The Orator to deck his oratory,
Will couple my reproach to Tarquins shame,
Feast-sinding minstrels tuning my defame
Will tie the hearers to attend each line,
How Tarquin wrong'd me, I Colatine.

Let my good name, that sensies reputation,
For Colatines deare love be kept unspotted:
If that be made a theame for disputation,
The branches of another root are rotted,
And undeserv'd reproach to him allotted,
That is as cleare from this attaint of mine,
As I ere this, was pure to Colatine.

O unseene shame, invisible disgrace!
O unselt fore, crest-wounding private scarre!
Reproach is stampt in Collatinus face,
And Tarquins eye may read the mote a far,
How he in peace is wounded, not in war.
Alas how may beare such shameful blows, (knows Which not themselves, but he that gives them.

If Collatine, thine honor lay in me,
From me by strong asfault it is bereft:
My hony lost, and I a Drone-like Bee,
Have no perfection of my summer lest,
But rob'd and ransackt by iniurious thest.
In thy weake kive a wandring Washe hath crept,
And suckt the hony which thy chait Bee kept.

Yet am I guilty of thy hanors wracke, Yet for thy honor did I entertaine him; Comming from thee, I could not put him backe; For it had been dishonor to disdaine him, Besides, of mearinesse he did complaine him, And talke of vertue (O unlookt for evill, When vertue is prophan'd in such a Divel!)

Why should the worme intrude the maiden bud? Or hateful! Euckewes hatch in Sparrowes nests? Or Todes infect faire founts with venome mud? Or Tyrant Felly lurke in gentle brests? Or Kings be breakers of their own behefts?

But no perfection is so absolute,
That some iniquity doth not pollutes

The

The aged man that coffers up his gold,
Is plagu'd with cramps, and gouts, and painfull fits,
And scarce hath eyes his treasure to behold,
But like still pining Tantalus he sits,
And uselesse bans the harvest of his mits:
Having no other pleasure of his gaine,
But torment that it cannot cure his paine.

34

So then, he hath it when he cannot use it,
And leaves it to be mastred by his jong,
Who in their pride doe presently abuse it:
Their father was too weake, and they too strong:
To hold their cursed blessed fortune long,
The sweets we wish oft turne to loathed sowrs,
Even in the moment that we call them ours.

Unruly blasts wait on the tender spring,
Unwholsome meeds take root with precious flowres:
The Adder hisseth where the sweet birds sing:
What vertue breeds iniquity devours:
We have no good that we can say is ours:
But ill annexed Opportunity,

But ill annexed Opportunity, Or kils his life, or else his quality.

O Opportunity thy guilt is great; Tis thou that execut'st the traitors treason: Thou sets the wolfe where he the Lambe may get: Who ever plots the sinne, thou points the season. Tis thou that spurnst at right, at law, at reason.

And in thy shady Cell where none may spie her, Sits Sinne to seaze the fonles that wander by her.

Thou

Thou mak'st the Vestall violate her oath:
Thou blowest the fire when Temperance is thawd;
Thou smotherest honesty, thou murtherest troth:
Thou soule abettor, thou notorious band,
Thou plantest standall, and displacest land.
Thou ravisher, thou traitor, thou salse theese,
Thy hony turnes to gall, thy joy to griefe.

Thy fecret pleasure turnes to open shame;
Thy private feasting to a publike fast:
Thy smothering titles to a ragged name:
Thy sugred tongue to bitter wormwood taste:
Thy violent vanities can never last.
How comes it then, vile opportunity
Being so bad, such numbers seek for thee?

When wilt thou be the humble fupplicants friend, And bring him where his fuit may be obtained? When wilt thou fort an houre great strifes to end? Or free that foule which wretchednes hath chained? Give Physicke to the sicke, ease to the pained? The poor, lame, blind, halt, creep, cry out for thee; But they nere met with opportunity.

The Patient dies while the Physitian sleeps;
The Orphan pines while the Oppressor feeds:
Instice is feasting while the widow weeps:
Advise is sporting while infestion breeds,
Thou grant'st no time for charitable deeds.
Wrath, envy, treason, rape, and murther rages,
Thy hainous houres wait on them as their pages;
D 2

When Truth and Vertue have to doe with thee, A thousand crosses keepe them from thy aid, They buy, they helpe, but Sinne nere gives a free, He gratis comes, and thou art well apaid As well to heare, as grant what hee hath said. My Collatine would else have come to me, When Tarquin did, but he was staid by thee.

Guilty thou art of murther and of theft, Guilty of perjury and subordination, Guilty of treason, forgery and Shift, Guilty of incest that abomination, An accessary by thine inclination To all sinnes past, and all that are to come, From the creation to the generall doome.

Mishapen time, copesmate of ugly night, Swift subtill post, carrier of grifly care, Eater of youth, false slave to false delight. Base watch of moes, sins pack-horse, vertues snares; Thou nursest all, and murtherest all that are; O heare me then, iniurious shifting time,

Be guilty of my death, fince of my crime.

Why hath thy fervant Opportunity Betrai'd the boures thou gav'st me to repose? Canceld my fortunes and inchained me To endlesse date of never-ending woes? Times office is to finde the hate of foes, To eate up error by opinion bred, Not spend the dowry of a lawfull bed.

Times glory is to calme contending Kings,
To unmask falfhood, and bring truth to light,
To ftampe the seale of time in aged things,
To wake the morne, and sentinell the night,
To wrong the mronger till he render right,
To ruinate proud buildings with thy houres
And smear with dust their glittering golden towres.

To fill with morme holes stately monuments,
To feed oblivion with decay of things,
To blot old bookes, and after their contents,
To plucke the quils from ancient Ravens wings.
To dry the old oakes sap, and cherish springs.
To spoile antiquities of hammered steel,
And turne the giddy round of Fortunes wheele.

To shew the beldame daughters of her daughter,
To make the child a man, the man a child,
To slay the Trger that doth live by slaughter,
To tame the Unicorne and Lion wilde,
To mock the subtile in themselves beguild;
To chear the Plomman with increasefull crops,
And waste huge stones with little mater drops.

Why workst thou mischiese in thy pilgrimage, Unlesse thou couldst returne to make amends? One poore retyring minute in an age,

Would purchase thee a thousand thousand friends, Lending him wit, that to bad debtors lends, (backe,

O this dread night, wouldst thou one hour come I could prevent this storme and shunt his wracke.

3 Thou

Thou ceaselesse lackie to Eternity,
With some mischance crosse Tarquin in his flight,
Devise extreames beyond extremity
To make him curse this cursed crimefull night.
Let gastly shadows his lewd eyes affright,
And the dire thought of his committed evill,
Shape every bush a hideous shapelesse Divell.

Disturbe his houres of rest with restlesse trances,
Assist him in his bed with bedred grones:
Let there bechance him pitifull mischances,
To make him mone, but pitty not his mones:
Stone him with hardened harts harder than stones,
And let mild momen to him loose their mildnesse,
Wilder to him than Tigers in their wildnesse.

Let him have time against himselfe to rave,
Let him have time of t mes helpe to despaire,
Let him have time to live a loathed slave,
Let him have time a beggers orts to crave:
And time to see one that by almes doth live,
Disdaine to him disdained soraps to give.

Let him have time to teare his curled haire,

Let him have time to see his friends his soes,
And merry fooles to mock at him resort:
Let him have time to marke how slow time goes
In time of forrow, and how swift and short
His time of folly, and his time of sport:
And ever let his unrecalling time,

Have time to waile th'abusing of his time.

O time thou tutor both to good and bad,
Teach me to curse him that thou taughtst this ill,
At his own shadow let the theese run mad,
Himself, himself seeke every houre to kill,
Such wretched hands such wretched bloud should.
For who so base would such an office have, (spill:
As slanderous deaths-man to so base a slave?

The baser is he comming from a King,
To shame his hope with deeds degenerate,
The mightier man, the mightier is the thing
That makes him honour'd, or begets him hate:
For greatest scandall waits on greatest state.
The Moone being clouded presently is mist,
But little Starres may hide them when they list.

The Crow may bathe his cole-black wings in mire, And unperceiv'd flye with the filth away, But if the like the snow white Swan desire, The staine upon his filver Downe will stay, Poor grooms are sightles night, Kings glorious day, Gnats are unnoted wherefore they sly, But Eagle gaz'd upon with every eye.

Our idle words, servants to shallow fools, Unprofitable founds, weake arbitrators, Busie our selves in skil contending schooles, Debate where leasure serves with dull debators: To trembling Clients be you mediators For me, I force not argument a straw,

Since that my case is past the help of lam.

D 4

In vaine I raile at Opportunity,
At time, at Tarquin, and unlearchfull night:
In vaine I cavill with mine infamy,
In vaine I fourne at my confirm'd despight:
This helplesse smooke of words doth me no right;
The remedy indeed to doe me good,
Is to let forth my soule desiled blood.

Poore hand, why quiverest thou at this decree?
Honor thy selfe to rid me of this shame,
For if I die, my Honor lives in thee,
But if I live, thon liv'st in my defame;
Since thou couldst not defend thy loyall Dame,
And wast affeard to scratch her wicked Foe,
Kill both thy selfe and her for yeelding so.

This faid, from her betumbled couch she starts,
To finde some desperate instrument of death,
But this no slaughter house, no toole imparts,
To make more vent for passage of her breath,
Which thronging through her lips so vanisheth
As smoke from Ætna, that in aire consumes,
Or that which from discharged Canon sumes.

In vaine (quoth she) I live and seeke in vaine Some happy meane to end a haplesse life: I fear'd by Tarquins Fauchion to be slain, Yet for the selfe-same purpose seeke a knife: But when I feard, I was a loyall wife.

So am I now: O no that cannot be

So am I now: O no, that cannot be, Of that true type hath Tarquin risled me. O That is gone, for which I fought to live, And therefore now I need not feare to die, To cleare this spot by death (at least) I give A badge of fame to flaunders livery, A dying life to living infamy, Poore helplesse help, the treasure stolne away To burne the guiltlesse casket where it lay.

Well well, dear Collatine, thou shalt not know The stained tast of violated troth:

I will not wrong thy true affection so,
To flatter thee with an infringed oath:
This bastard grasse shall never come to growth,
He shall not boast who did thy stock pollute
That thou art doting Father of his fruit.

Nor shall he smile at thee in secret thoughts, Nor laugh with his companions at thy state, But thou shalt know thy interest was not bought Basely with gold, but stoln from forth thy gate; For me I am the mistresse of my sate

And with my trespasse never will dispence, Till life to death acquit my forc'd offence.

I will not poison thee with my attaint,
Nor fold my fault in cleanly coyn'd excuses,
My sable ground with sin I will not paint,
To hide the truth of this salse nights abuses:
My tongue shall utter all mine eyes like fluces,

As from a mountain spring, that feeds a dale, Shall gush pure streams to purge my impure tale.



Lucrece continuing her laments, disputeth whether she should kill her self or no.

By this lamenting Philomele had ended
The well-tun'd marble of her nightly forrow,
And solemnst night with slow sad gate descended.
To ugly Hell, when loe the blushing morrow
Lends light to all fair eyes that light would borrow.
But cloudy Lucrece shames her self to see,
And therefore still in night would cloister'd be.

Revealing day through every cranny spies,
And seems to point her out where she sits weeping;
To whom she sobbing speaks, O eye of eys, (ping,
Whypry'st thou through my mindom? leave thy peeMock with thy tickling beams, eys that are sleeping,
Brand not my forehead with thy piercing light,
For day hath nought to do what's done by night.

Thus cavils she with every thing she sees,
True grief is fond and testy as a child,
Who way ward once, his mood with nought agrees,
Old moes, not infant forrow, bear them mild;
Continuance tames the one, the other wild,
Like an unpractized swimmer plunging still,
With too much labour, drowns for want of skill.

So

So the deepe drenched in a Sea of care,
Holds disputation with each thing she viewes,
And to her self all forrow doth compare,
No object but her passions strength renewes,
And as one shifts, another straight ensues,
Sometimes her griese is dumb and hath no words,
Sometime tis mad and too much talke affords.

The little birds that tune their mornings joy, Make her mones mad with their sweet melody, For mirth doth search the bottome of annoy, Sad Soules are slaine in merry company, Griefe best is pleas'd with griefes society:

True sorrow then is feelingly suffiz'd, When with like semblance it is simpathiz'd.

Tis double death to drowne in ken of shoare, He ten times pines, that pines beholding sood, To see the salve doth make the wound ake more, Great griefe grieves most at that would doe it good, Deepe woes roule forward like a gentle floud, Who being stopt, the bounding banks ore-slowes, Griefe dallied with, nor law nor limit knowes.

You mocking Birds quoth she) your tunes intomb Within your hollow swelling feathered breasts, And in my hearing be you ever dumb, My restlesse discord loves no stops not rests; A woefull bost of brooks not merry guests:

Relish your nimble notes to pleasing eares,
Distresse like dumps when time is kept with teares.

Come

Come Philomele that fingst of ravishment,
Make thy sad grove in my disheveld haire,
As the danke earth weepes at thy languishment,
So I at each sad straine will straine a teare,
And with deepe groanes the Diapason beare:
For burthen wise lie hum on Tarquin still,
While thou on Tereus descants better skill.

And whiles against a thorne thou bear'st thy part, To keepe thy sharp moes waking, wretched I To imitate thee well, against my heart Will fixe a sharp knife, to affright mine eye, Who if it winke, shall thereon fall and die.

These meanes as frets upon an instrument,

These meanes as frets upon an instrument, Shall turn our heart strings to true languishment.

And for poor bird thou sing'st not in the day,
As shaming any eye should thee behold,
Some darke deepe defart seated from the may.
That knowes nor parching heat, nor freezing cold
Will we finde out: and there we will unfold
To creatures stern, sad tunes to change their kinds:
Since men prove beasts, let beasts bear gentle minds.

As the poor frighted Deere that stands at gaze, Wildely determining which way to fly, Or one incompast with a winding maze, That cannot tread the may out readily: So with her self is she in mutiny,

To live or die which of the twaine were better, When life is sham'd, and death reproaches debter.

To

To kill my felf, quoth she, alack what were it,
But with my body my poor soules pollution?
They that lose halfe with greater patience beare it,
Than they whose whole is swallowed in consusson.
That mother tries a mercilesse conclusion, (one,
Who having two sweet babes, when death takes
Will slay the other, and be nurse to none.

My body, or my foule, which was the dearer?
When the one pure, the other made divine;
Whose love, of either, to my self was nearer;
When both were kept for Heaven and Collatine.
Ay me, the barke pil'd from the losty Pine,
His leaves will wither, and his sap decay,
So must my soule, her barque being pill'd away.

Her house is fackt, her quiet interrupted,
Her mansion battered by the enemy.
Her sacred Temple spotted, spoild, corrupted,
Grosly ingirt with daring infamy,
Then let it not be cald impiety
If in this blemisht part I make some hole,
Through which I may convey this troubled soule.

Yet die I will not till my Collatine.

Have heard the cause of my untimely death,
That he may vow in that sad houre of mine,
Revenge on him that made me stop my breath,
My stained bloud to Tarquin Ile bequeath,
Which by him tainted, shall for him be spent,
And as his due, writ in my Testament.

My

My honour He bequeath unto the knife, That wounds my body so dishonoured: 'Tis honour to deprive dishonoured life, The one will live, the other being dead. So of Shame's ashes shall my fame be bred: For in my death I murder shamefull scorn; My shame so dead, my honour is new born.

46

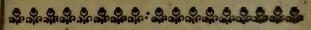
Dear Lord of that dear Fewel I have lost, What legacy shall I bequeath to thee? My resolution, love, shall be thy hoast, By whose example thou reveng'd maist be. How Tarquin must be us'd, read it in me. My felf thy friend, will kill my felfe thy foe, And for my sake serve thou false Tarquin so.

This brief abridgement of my will I make, My foul and body to the skies and ground, My resolution (Husband) do you take, Mine honour be the knife that makes my wound, My shame be his that did my fame confound.

And all my fame that lives disburfed, be To those that live and think no shame of me.

Then Collatine shall oversee this will, How was I overseen that thou shalt see it? My bloud shall wash the slander of mine ill; My life's foule deed my life's faire end shall free it. Faint not faint heart, but stoutly say, So be it. Yield to my hand, and it shall conquer thee,

Thou dead, both die, and both shall victors be.



Lucrece resolved to kill her selfe determines first to send her Husband word.

His plot of death when fadly the had haid, (eyes, And wip't the brinish pearle from her bright With untun'd tongue the hoarsely call'd her maid, Whose swift obedience to her mistresse hies, For sheet wingd-duty with thoughts feathers flies; Poor Lucrece cheeks unto her maid seeme so, As winter meades when Sun doth melt their from

Her mistresse she doth give demure good moverow
With soft flow tongue, true markes of modesty,
And sorts a sad looke to her Ladyes sorrow,
(For why her face wore forrowes livery,)
But durst not aske of her audaciously,
Why her two Suns were cloud-eclipsed so,
Nor why her faire cheeks over-washt with most

But as the Earth doth weep the Sun being fet,
Each flower moistned like a melting eye:
Even so the maid with swelling drops gan were
Her circkled eyn, enforc'd by simpathy
Of those faire Suns set in her Mistresse skie,
Who in a salt-wav'd Ocean quench their sight

Who in a falt-wav'd Ocean quench their Eight.
Which makes the maid weep like the dewy might.

A

A prettie while these pretty creatures stand,
Like ivory conduts corall cisternes stilling:
One justly weepes, the other takes in hand;
No cause, but company of her drops spilling,
Their gentle sex to weepe are often willing,
Grieving themselves to gesse at others smarts, (harts
And then they drown their eyer, or breake their

For men have marble, women waxen minds,
And therefore are they form'd as marble will,
The weake oppress, th' impression of strange kinds,
Is form'd in them by force, by fraud or skill.
Then call them not the Anthors of their ill,
No more then waxe shall be accounted evill,
Wherein is stampt the semblance of a divell.

Their smoothnesse like unto a champaine plaine, Layes open all the little wormes that creepe, In men even as a rough growne grove remaine Cave keeping evils that obscurely sleep. Through chrystall walles each little more will peep. Though men can cover crimes with bold stern looks, Poore womens faces are their owne faults bookes.

No man inveighs against the withered flowre, But chides rough winter that the flowre hath kild, Not that devour'd, but that which doth devoure Is worthy blame; ô let it not be held Poore womens faults, that they are so fulfild With mens abuses, those proud Lords to blame, Make weake made women tenants to their shame:

The president whereof in Lucrece view, Affail'd by night with circumstances strong Of present death and shame that might ensue, By that her death to doe her husband wrong, Such danger to resistance did belong.

The dying fear through all her body spread,

And who cannot abuse a body dead?

By this milde patience did faire Lucrece speak To the poor counterfeit of her complaining: My grle, quoth she, on what occasion breake Those tears from thee, that down thy cheeks are rai-If thou dost weep for griefe of my sustaining, (ning, Know gentle wench t small availes my moode,

It teares could help, mine own would do me good

But tell me girle, when went (and there she staid Till after a deep grone) Tarquin from hence? Madam ere I was up (repli'd the maid,) The more too blame my fluggard negligence: Yet with the fault I thus farre can dispence, My selfe was stirring ere the break of day, And ere I rose was Tarquin gone away.

But Lady, if your maid may be so bold, She would request to know your heavinesse. O peace (quoth Lucrece) if it should be told, The repetition cannot make it lesse: For more it is than I can well expresse,

And that deep torture may be cald a Hell. When more is felt than one hath power to tell.

Goe, get me hither paper, inke, and pen,
Yet fave that labour, for I have them here,
(What should I say?) one of my husbands men,
Bid thou be ready by and by to beare
A Letter to my Lord, my love, my deare,

The cause craves hast, and it will soone be writ.

Bid him with speed prepare to carry it,

Her maide is gone, and she prepares to write,
First hovering ore the paper with her quill.
Conceit and griefe an eager combat sight,
What wit sets downe is blotted still with will,
This is too curious good, this blunt and ill.
Much like a prease of people at a dore,
Through her inventions which shall goe before.

At last she thus begins: thou worthy Lord
Of that unworthy wife that greeteth thee,
Health to thy person, next vouchsafe t'afford
(If ever, Love, thy Lucrece thou wilt see)
Some present speed to come and visit me,
So I commend me from our house in griese,
My woes are tedious, though my words are briese.

Here folds she up the tenor of her wee,
Her certaine forrow writ uncertainly,
By this short schedule Collatine may know
Her griefe, but not her griefes true quality,
She dares not thereof make discovery,
Lest he should hold it her own grosse abuse,
Ere shee with blond had staind her staind excuse.

Besides

Besides, the life and feeling of her passion
She hoords to spend, when he is by to heare her,
When sight and grones and teares may grace the
Of her disgrace, the better so to cleare her (fashior
From that suspition which the world might beare her
To shun this blot she would nor blot the letter
With words, till action might become them better

To fee sad fights moves more than heare them told:
For then the eye interprets to the eare
The heavy motion that it doth behold,
When every part a part of moe doth beare:
Tis but a part of forrow that we heare.
Deep founds make lesser noise than shallow fords,

Deep sounds make lester noise than shallow fords, And sorrow ebs being blown with winde of words.

Her letter now is fealed, and on it writ,
At Ardea to my Lord with more than haste:
The Post attends, and she delivers it,
Charging the source-fac'd groome to hie as fast.
As lagging soules before the Northerne blast.
Speed more than speed, but dull and slow she deems,
Extremity still urgeth such extremes.

The homely villaine cursies to her low,
And blushing on her with a stedsast eye
Receives the scroll without or yea or no,
And forthwith bashfull innocence doth slie:
But they whose guilt within their bosome lie,
Imagine every eye beholds their blame,
For Lucrece thought he blusht to see her shame:

E 2 When

When filly Groome (God wot) it was defect
Of Spirit, life, and bold andacity,
Such harmelesse creatures have a true respect
To talk in deeds, while other saucily
Promise more speed, but doe it leasurely.
Even so; this patterne of the worne out age.
Pawn'd honest bokes, but laid no mords to gage.

52

His kindled duty kindled her mistrust,
That two red fires in both their faces blazed,
She thought he blusht as knowing Tarquins lust,
And blushing with him wistly on him gazed,
Her earnest eye did make him more amazed:
The more she saw the bloud his cheeks replenish,
The more she thought he spi'd in her some blemish.

But long she thinks till he returne againe,
And yet the duteous vasfall scarce is gone,
The weary time she cannot entertaine,
For now tis stale to sigh, to meep, and grone,
So moe hath weared mee, mone tryed mone,
That she her plaints a little while doth stay,
Pawsing for meanes to mourne some newer way.

At last she cals to minde where hangs a peece
Of skilfull painting made for Priams Troy,
Before the which is drawn the power of Greece,
For Helens rape the city to destroy,
Threatning cloud kissing Ilian with annoy;
Which the conceited Painter drew so proud,
As heaven (it seem'd) to kisse the turrets bow'ds

53

A thousand lamentable objects there
In scorne of Nature, Art gave livelesse life:
Many a dire drop seem'd a weeping teare,
Shed for the slaughterd husband by a wife.
The red blond reek'd to shew the painters strife,
And dying eyes gleem'd forth their ashy lights,
Like dying coales burnt out in tedious nights.

There might you see the labouring Pioner
Begrim'd with sweat, and smeared all with dust,
And from the towers of Troy there would appeare
The very eies of men through loope holes thrust;
Gazing upon the Greeks with little lust:
Such sweet ebservance in this work was had,
That one might see those farre off eyes looke sad.

In great commanders, Grace and Maiesty
You might behold triumphing in their faces,
In youth quick-bearing and dexterity,
And here and there the Painter interlaces
Pale comards marching on with trembling paces,
Which heartless peasants did so well resemble, (ble.
That one would swear, he saw them quake & trem-

In Aiax and Olysses, O what Art
Or Physiognomy might one behold!
The face of either cipher'd eithers heart,
Their face their maners most expressly told.
In Aiax eyes blunt rage and rigor rol'd.
But the mild glance that she Olysses lene,
Shew'd deepe regard and smiling government.

There

There pleading might you see grave Neftor stand, As 'twere incouraging the Greekes to fight, Making such sober action with his hand, That it beguild attention, charm'd the fight, in speech it seem'd his beard, all silver white, Wagg'd up and down, and from his lips did slie

Thin winding breath, which purld up to the skie.

About him were a prease of gaping saces,
Which seem'd to swallow up his sound advice:
All joyntly listning, but with severall graces,
as if some Mermaid did their eares intice;
Some high, some low, the painter was so nice;
The scalpes of many almost hid behinde,
To jump up higher seem'd to mock the mind.

Here one mans hand lean'd on anothers head His nose being shadowed by his neighbours eare, Here one being through beares back all boln & red, Another smothered, seemes to pelt and sweare, And in their rage such signes of rage they beare, As but for losse of Nesters golden words, It seem'd they would debate with angry swords.

For much imaginary work was there; Conceit deceitfull, so compact, so kinde, That for Achilles image stood his Speare Grip'd in an armed hand, himself behinde Was lest unseen, save to the eye of mind;

A hand, a foore, a face, a leg, a head, Stood for the whole to be imagined.

And from the wals of strong besieged Troy,
When their brave hope, bold Hestor march d to field,
Stood many Trojan mo hers sharing joy,
To see their youthfull fonnes bright weapons wield,
And to their hope they such odde astion yield,
That through their light joy seemed to appeare,
(Like bright things stain'd) a kind of heavy seare

And from the strond of Dardan where they fought, To Simois reedy banks the red bloud ran, Whose maves to imitate the battel sought With swelling ridges, and their ranks began To break upon the galled store, and then Retire againe, till meeting greater ranks They joyne, and shoot their some at Simois banks.

To this well painted piece is Lucrece come;
To finde a face where all diffress is steld;
Many she sees, where cares have carved some,
But none where all diffress and dolour dweld,
Till she despairing Heanth, beheld,
Staring on Priems wounds with her old eyes,
Which bleeding under Pyrrhus proud foot lies.

In her the painter had anatomiz'd Times ruine, Beauties wrack, and grim Cares raign, Het cheeks with chaps and wrinckles were difguts'd, Of What she was, no semblance did remaine, Her blew blond chang'd to black in every wein, Wanting the spring that those shrunk pipes had sed Shew'd life imprison'd in a body dead.

E 4

56

On this sad shadow Lucrece spends her eyes,
And shapes her forrow to the Beldames woes,
Who nothing wants to answer her but cryes;
And bitter words to ban her cruell foes.
The Painter was no God to lend her those;
And therefore Lucrece swears he did her wrong,
To give her so much grief, and not a tongue.

Poor instrument (quoth she) without a sound,
Ile tune thy woes with my lamenting tongue:
And drop sweet balm in Priams painted wound,
And rail on Pyrrhus that hath done him wrong,
And with my tears, quench Troy that burns so long:
And with my knife scratch out the angry eyes
Of all the Greeks that are thine enemies.

Shew me the strumtet that began this stirre,
That with my nails her beauty I may tear:
Thy beat of lust fond Paris did incurre
This lode of wrath that burning Troy doth bear:
Thy eye kindled the fire that burneth here.
And here in Troy for trespasse of thine eye,
The Sire, the Son, the Dame and Daughter die.

Why should the private pleasure of some one Become the publice plague of many moe? Let sin alone committed, light alone Upon his head that hath transgressed so. Let guiltlesse souls be freed from guilty moe. For ones offence why should so many fall; To plague a private sin in generall.

Loc

Loe here weeps Hecuba, here Priam dies,
Here manly Hettor faints, here Troylus founds,
Here friend by friend in bloudy channell lies,
And friend to friend gives unadvifed mounds,
And one mans lust these many lives confounds.
Had doting Priam checkt his sons desire,
Troy had been bright with same, & not with sire.

Here feelingly she weeps Troyes painted moes, For forrow, like a heavy hanging bell, Once set on ringing, with his own weight goes, Then little strengh rings out the dolefull knell: So Lucrece set awork, sad tales doth tell,

To pencild pensiveness, and colour'd forrow, She lends them words, and she their locks doth

She throws her eys about the painted round,
And who she findes for lorn she doth lament:
At last she sees a wretched image bound,
That piteous looks to Phrygian shepheards lent,
His face, though full of cares, yet shew'd content.
Onward to Troy with these blunt spring he saes

Onward to Troy with these blunt swains he goes, So milde, that patience seem'd to scorn his woes.

In him the painter labour'd with his skill
To hide deceit, and give the harmlesse show,
An humble gate, calm looks, eyes wayling still,
A brow unbent, that seem'd to welcome wee,
Chieks, neither red nor pale, but mingled so,
That blushing red, no guilty instance gave,
Nor ashy pale, the sear that salse bearts have.

58

But like a constant and consirmed Devil,
He entertain'd a show so seeming just,
And therein so insconst this secret evil,
That fealouse it selse could not mistrust,
False creeping craft and Perjury should thrust,
Into so bright a day, such black fac'd stormes
Or blot with bel-borne sin such Saint-like formes.

For perjur'd Sinon, whose inchanting story
The credulous old Priam after slew:
Whose words like mild fire burnt the shining glory
Of rich built Ilion, that the skies were sory,
And little starres shot from their fixed places, (ces.

The well-skild workman this mild Image drew

When their glasse fel wherein they view'd their fa-This picture she advisedly perus'd, And chid the Painter for his wondrous skill,

Saying, some shape in Sinons was abus'd, So faire a forme lodg'd not a mind so ill, And still on him she gaz'd and gazing still,

Such fignes of truth in his plaine face she spied,
That she concludes, the picture was belied.

It cannot be (quoth she) that so much guile, (She would have said) can lurke in such a Looke: But Tarquins shape came in her mind the while, And from her tongue, can lurk, from cannot, tooke It cannot be, she in that sense for sooke,

And turn'd it thus, it cannot be I find, But fuch a face should beare a wicked mind.

For

For even as subtill Sinon here is painted.

So fober sad, so weary and so milde,
(As if with griefe or travaile he had sainted,)
To me came Tarquin armed to beguil'd
With outward honesty, but yet defil'd
With inward vice: as Priam him did cherish,
So did I Tarquin, so my Trey did perish.

Looke, looke how liftning Priam wets his eyes,
To fee those borrowed teares that Simon sheds:
Priam why art thou old, and yet not wise?
For every teare he fals, a Trojan bleeds:
His eyes drop fire, no water thence proceeds.
Those round clear pearls of his that move thy pity
Are bals of quenchlesse fire to burne the City.

Such Divels steale effects from lightlesse hell,
For Sinon in his fire doth quake with cold,
And in that cold hot burning fire doth dwell,
These contraries such unity doe hold,
Onely to flatter fooles and make them bold:
So Priams trust salse Sinons teares doth flatter,
That he finds meanes to burn his Troy with water.

Here all inraged fuch passion her assailes,

That patience is quite beaten from her breast,

the teares the senselesse Sinon with her nailes,

Comparing him to that unhappy guest,

Whose deed hath made her self her self detest;

At last she smilingly with this give ore,

Foole, soole, quoth she, his wounds will not be fore.

Thus

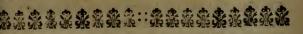
The Rape of Lucrece?

60 Thus ebs and flowes the current of her forrow, And time doth weary time with her complaining, She looks for night, and then the longs for morrow,

Short time feems long, in forrows tharp fustaining. Though woe be heavy, yet it seldome sleeps, And they that watch, see time how slow it creeps.

And both the thinks too long with her remaining,

Which all this time hath overflipt her thought, That she with painted Images hath spent. Being from the feeling of her own grief brought By deep furmise of others detriment, Looling her moes in shewes of discontent: It easeth some though none is ever cured, To think their dolour others have endured.



Upon Lucrece fending for Collatine in such hast, he with divers of his allies and friends returns home.

But now the mindfull Messenger comes back, Brings home his Lord and other company, Who findes his Lucrece clad in mourning black, And round about her tear-distained eye Blew circles streamd, like Rainbows in the skie.

These watergals in her dim Element,

Foretell new forms to those already spent.

Which when her sad beholding huband saw,
Amazedly in her sad face he stares:
Her eyes though sod in tears, lookt red and raw,
Her lively colour kill'd with deadly cares,
He hath no power to ask her how she fares,
But stood like old acquaintance in a trance,
Met far from home, wondring ech others chance.

At last he takes her by the bloodlesse hand,
And thus begins: What uncouth ill event
Hath thee befalne, that thou dost trembling stand?
Sweet love, what spite hath thy fair colour spent?
Why art thou thus attir'd in discontent?

Unmask dear dear this moody heavinesse, And tell thy grief, that we may give redresse.

Three

Three times with fighs the gives her forrow fire, Ere once the can discharge one word of woe:
At length addrest to answer his desire,
She modestly prepares, to let them know
Her Honour is tane prisoner by the Foe,
While Collaine and his consorted Lords
With sad attention long to hear her words.

And now this pale Swan in her watry nest,
Begins the Dirge of her certain ending;
Few words (quoth she) shall fit the trespasse best,
Where no excuse can give the fault amending,
In me more woes than words are now depending,

And my laments would be drawn out too long, To tell them all with one poor tired tongue.

Then be this all the task it hath to fay,
Dear husband, in the interest of thy bed
A stranger came, and on that pillow lay,
Where thou wast wont to rest thy weary head,
And what wrong esse may be imagined,

By foul inforcement might be done to me, From that (alas) thy Lucrece is not free.

For in the dreadfull dead of dark mid night, With shining Fauchion in my chamber came A creeping creature with a flaming light, And softly cry'd, awake thou Romane Dame; And entertain my loves, else lasting shame On thee and thine this night I will instict, If thou my loves desire doe contradict.

For

For some hard savour'd groom of thine, quoth he, Unlesse thou yoke thy liking to my will, Ile murther straight, and then Ile slaughter thee, And swear I found you where you did sulfill The loathsome act of Lust, and so did kill The Lechers in their deed, this ast will be My same, and thy perpetual insamy.

With this I did begin to ftart and cry,
And then against my heart he sets his frord,
Swearing, unlesse I took all patiently,
I should not live to speak another word.
So should my shame still rest upon record,
And never be forgot in mighty Rome
Th'adulterate death of Lucrece and her groom.

Mine enemy was strong, my poor self weak,

(And far the weaker with so strong a fear)

My bloody Judge forbad my tengue to speak,

No rightfull plea might plead for justice there.

His scarlet lust came evidence to swear,

That my poor beauty had pursoin'd his eyes?

That my poor beauty had purloin'd his eyes; And when the fudge is rob'd, the prisoner dyes,

O teach me how to make mine own excuse,
Or (at the least) this refuge let me finde.
Though my grosse blood be stain'd with this abuse;
Immaculate, and spotlesse is my minde,
That was not forc'd, that never was inclin'd
To accessary yeildings, but still pure
Doth in her poisn'd closet yet indure.

Loc

The Rape of Lucrece.

Loe here the hopelesse Merchant of his losse.

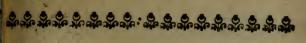
Loe here the hopelesse Merchant of his losse, With head inclin'd, and voice dam'd up with woe, With sad set eyes, and wretched armes acrosse, From lips new waxen pale, begins to blow The grief away, that stops his answer so. But wretched as he is, he strives in vain, What he breaths out, his breath drinks up again.

As through an Arch, the violent roaring Tide,
Out-runs the eye that doth behold his hafte:
Yet in the Edye boundeth in his pride,
Back to the strait that forc'd him on so fast:
In rage sent out, recal'd in rage being past;
Even so his sighs, his forrowes make a saw,
To push grief on, and back the same grief draw.

Which speechlesse we of his, poor she attendeth, And his untimely frenzie thus awaketh, Deare Lord, thy forrow to my forrow lendeth Another power, no floud by raining slaketh, My wes too sensible thy passion maketh, More feeling painfull, let it then suffice, To drown one wee, one paire of weeping eyes.

And for my sake when I might charme thee so,
For she that was thy Lucrece, now attend me,
Be suddenly revenged on my foe,
Thine, mine, his owne, suppose thou dost defend me
For what is past, the helpe that thou shalt lend me
Comes all too late; yet let the Traytor die:

For sparing Instice feeds iniquity.



Upon the relation of Lucrece her rape, Collatine and the rest swear to revenge; but this seems not full satisfaction to her loss.

But ere I name him, you fair Lords, quoth she, (Speaking to those that came to Collatine) Shall plight your honourable faiths to me, With swift pursuit to 'venge this wrong of mine, For 'tis a meritorious fair design,

To chase injustice with revengefull arms.

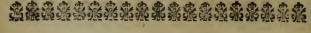
To chase injustice with revengefull arms,
Knights by their oathes should right poor Ladies
(harms

At this request, with noble disposition, each present Lord began to promise aid, As bound in Knighthood to her imposition, onging to hear the hatefull soe bewraid. But she that yet her sad task hath not said,

The Protestation stops. O speak! quoth she, How may this forced stain be wip'd from me?

That is the quality of mine offence, cong constrain d with dreadfull circumstances in my pure minde with the foul alt dispence, y low declined honour to advance? It is acquit me from this chance? The poysoned fountain clears it self again, and why not I from this compelled stain?

With



She killeth her self to exasperate them the more to punish the delinquent.

WIth this they all at once began to say, Her bodies stain, the mind untainted clears, While with a joylesse smile she turns away The face, that map with deep impression bears Off hard misfortune carv'd in with tears. No, no, quoth she, no Dame hereafter living, By my excuse shall claim excuses giving.

Here with a sigh, as if her heart would break, She throws forth Tarquins name, he, he, she saies: But more than he, her poor tongue could not speak, Till after many accents and delaies, Untimely breathings, sick and short assaies, She utters this, he, he, fair Lord, tis he That guides this hand to give this wound to me.

Even here sheath'd in her harmless breast A harmfull knife, that thence her soul unsheathed, That blow did bayl it from the deep unrest Of that polluted prison where it breathed, Her contrite fighs unto the clouds bequeathed Her winged pright, and through her wounds doth Lifes lasting date from cancell'd destinie.

Stone-

Stone-still, astonisht with this deadly deed,
Stood Colatine and all his Lordly crue.
Till Lucrece father that beholds her bleed,
Himself on here self slaughtered body threw,
And from the purple fountain Brutus drew
The murderous knife, and as it left the place,
Her blood in poor revenge, held it in chase.

And bubbling from her brest, it doth divide
In two slow rivers, that the crimson blood
Circles her body in on every side,
Who like a late sackt Island vastly stood
Bare and unpeopled in this fearfull slood:
Some of her blood still pure and red remain'd,
And some lookt black, & that salse Tarquin stain'd.

About the mourning and congealed face
Of that black blood, a watry rigall goes,
Which feems to weep upon the tainted place;
And ever fince a pitying Lucrece woes,
Corrupted blood fome watry token Lowes,
And blood untainted still doth red abide,
Blushing at that which is so putriside.

Daughter, dear daughter, old Lucretius cries,
That life was mine which thou hast here depriv'd,
If in the childe the fathers image lies,
Where shall I live now Lucrece is unliv'd?
Thou wast not to this end from me deriv'd.

If children prædecease Progenitours, We are their off spring, and they none of ours. Poor broken glasse, I often did behold
In thy sweet semblance, my old age new borne,
But now that faire fresh mirror dim and old,
Shewes me a bare-bon'd death, by time out-worne,
O from my cheeks my image thou hast torne,
And shiver'd all the beauty from my glasse,
That I no more can see what once I mas.

O'time cease thou thy course, and hast no longer, If thou surcease to be, that should survive:

Shall rotten death make conquest of the stronger, And leave the soulcring seeble soules alive?

The old Bees dye, the young possesse their hive, Then live sweet Lucrece, live againe and see Thy father dye, and not thy father thee.

By this starts Collatine as from a dream,
And bids Lucretius give his forrow place,
And then in Key-cold Lucrece bleeding stream,
He falls, and bathes the pale feare in his face,
And counterfeits to dye with her a space.
Till manly shame bids him possesse his breath,
And live to be revenged on her death.

The deep vexation of his inward fonle,
Hath ferv'd a dumb arrest upon his tongue,
Who made that forrow should his use controle,
Or keep him from heart easing words so long,
Begins to talk, but through his lips do throng (aid
Weak words, so thick come in his poor hearts,
That no man could distinguish what he said.

Yet

Yet sometime Tarquin was pronounced plaine, But through his teeth as if his name he tore, This windy tempest till it blew up raine. Held back his forrowes tide to make it more, At last it raines, and busie winds give ore: Then some and father weep with equal strife, Who should weep most for daughter or for wife.

The one doth call her his, the other his, Yet neither may possesse the claime they lay, The father sayes, she's mine; O mine she is, Replyes her husband; doe not take away My forrowes interest, let no mourner say He weepes for her, for the was only mine. And onely must be waild by Collatine.

O, quoth Lucretius, I did give that life Which she too early and too sate hath spild. Woe, woe, quoth Collatine, she was my wife, I ow'd her, and 'tis mine that she hath kild. My daughter and my wife with clamors fild The disperst aire, who holding Lucrece life,

Answered their cries; my daughter and my wife.

Brutus who pluckt the knife from Lucrece side, seeing such emulation in their woe. Began to cloath his wit in State and pride, Burying in Lucrece wound his follies show: le with the Romanes was esteemed so, As filly leering ideots are with kings, For sportive words, and uttering foolish things. The Rape of Lucrece.

70

But now he throws that shallow habit by,
Wherein the policy did him disguise,
And arm'd his long hid mits advisedly
To check the tears in Colatinus eyes.
Thou wronged Lord of Rome, quoth he, arise,
Let my unsounded self supposed a fool,
Now set thy long-experienc'd mit to school.

Why Colatine, is moe the cure for moe?

Do mounds help mounds, or grief help grievous deeds?

Is it revenge to give thy felf a blow

For his foul att by whom thy fair mife bleeds?

Such childish humor from weak mindes proceeds:

Thy wresched mife missook the matter to

Thy wretched wife mistook the matter so, To slay her self, that should have slain her foe.

Couragious Romane doe not steep thy heart
In such lamenting dew of lamentations,
But kneel with me and help to bear thy part,
To rouse our Roman Gods with invocations,
That they will suffer these abominations,
(Since Rome her self in them doth stand disgraced.
By our strong arms from forth her sair streets cha-

(sed. Now by the Capitoll that we adore,
And by this chast blood so unjustly stain'd,
By heavens fair sun that breeds the fat earths store
By all our countrey rites in Rome maintain'd,
And by chast Lucrece's soul that late complain'd

Her wrongs to us, and by this bloody knife, We will revenge the death of this true wife.

This

This said, he strook his hand upon his breast,
And kist the satall knife to end his vow;
And to his protestation urg'd the rest,
Who wondring at him did his mords allow:
Then joyntly to the ground their knees they bow,
And that deep vom which Brutus made before,
He doth again repeat, and that they swore.

When they had fworn to his advised doom,
They did conclude to bear dead Lucrece thence,
To shew the bleeding body throughout Rome,
And so to publish Tarquins soul offence;
Which being done, with speedy diligence,
The Romans plausibly did give consent,
To Tarquins everlasting banishment.

- STORY OF STREET Marion C. T. Land J. Tolland TO FOR THE STATE OF THE STATE O

TARQUIN

BANISHED:

THE REVVARD
Of Lust.

VV ritten by J. Q.

Quicquid bont sum discretione seceris, virtus
est; quicquid sine discretione gesseris, vittum
est: virtus enim indiscreta pro vitio deputatur.

LONDON.

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1655.

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To the READER.

Kinde Reader,

I Am confident when thou doest I seriously consider the unworthinesse of the Action, thou wilt not approve of the Actor; for, after he had received those many civilities which the house of chast Lucretia could afford, he with an unheard-of violence, requited her with a most barbarous rape, which caused not only his banishment, but likewise cost the lives of many of the Nobility; nay, and the King himself in defence of his son, the Ravisher,

To the Reader.

lost his life; and that which was more than all, was the losse of Lucretia's life: for the sense of the fact, made her stab her self; so died poor Lucretia, blameable in nothing but that she was the Author of her own death: So Reader, as thou hast before read Tarquin's offence, thou mayst now read his punishment. And so farewell.

ARMANA ARMANA ARMANA ARMANA ARMANA

TARQUIN Banished:

OR, The reward of Lust.

TIs feldome known that good effects attend
Upon bad causes; Tarquin, to befriend
His own desires, contaminates his will,
And blasts that vertue, which before did fill
The ears of Rome, and made it to proclame

The future hopes of his encreasing name.

May we not judge him wise that loves to spend Ere he begins, some thoughts upon the end Of his designe, had Pha'ton done the same He had not turn'd the world into a stame.

The acts of Catiline, were noble deeds
Compar'd to this, this horrid act exceeds
Horror it felf; Oh what obdurate breaft
Can read this story, and not be oppress.

If ever mischief practis'd to excell It was in this, this Master-piece of Hell. Had chast Lucretia follow'd the advice
Of lustfull Tarquin, what a lavish price
Had she layd out for sin, and yet the shame
Had been far greater, and her death the same
If not much worse, for had she not reveal'd it,
T'had sprov'd her death to think she had con(ceal'd it.

Ah poor Lucretia! what a fatall guest Didst thou receive, how was thy roof unblest And thou mistook, how fadly did it prove Thy table fed a Serpent, not a Dove:

It was thy face, Lucretia, that was spread With lavish beauty, and there Tarquin fed.

"I was not to take repose, he made such speed, Nor was't the arrant of his minde to feed Upon such Cates, his eye had chose a dish Which pleas'd him, and awhile he fed by wish: And then by force, Lucretia, thou didst finde The raging stomach of his lustfull minde.

But ah! the sad effect records the crime, Unparalleld in any Age, or time; For weeping Lucrece had no other shield Than virtue, which deny'd her heart to yield: And this all can be deduc'd from hence That virtue was opprest by violence.

But at the last, when violence had gain'd
The upper-hand, vile Tarquin was constrain'd
To slie, and leave Lucretia to lament,
Though not conceal her wosull banishment:
Judge Ladies her distresse, poor heart, her grief
Inclin'd her more to death, than to relief.

She wisht to see her Lord, yet knew not how
To look upon him with a stedsast brow;
But when she thought on his abused bed,
Ah then! ah then! her much dejected head:
Outstream'd a fountain, nothing could prevent
The nimble current of her discontent.

At last he comes, and with a fearfull hast
In his expatiated arms imbrac'd
His Lucrece, who being tutor'd by here fears,
Spoke all in sighs, and answer'd him in tears:
Whilst gazing Colatine with raging speed,
Stampt out these words, I will revenge the deed.

So out he runs, but hark, a groan recalls
His hasty seet, for his Lucretia's fall,
Wounded by her own hand, whilst he in vain,
Lists up her corps, and layes it down again:
At last poor soul, she mov'd her dying head
And cry'd revenge, for thy Lucretia's dead.

Ah! who can grieve with Collatine, whose grief Admits no equall, but transcends belief, He now is fled, and ransacks all about, Contrives and plots to finde young Tarquin out; At last arriving where the Army stay'd, The colours of his grief he thus display'd.

Dear friends, the liberality of my speech Is humbly free, and fluent to beseech Your joynt assistance, to revenge a wrong Whose intricacy neither pen, nor tongue Is able to expresse: Alas! and I Can only shaddow forth my misery.

My dear Lucretia, In whose brest did lie
My life, is sted unto eternity:
She's dead my Lords, and ah! if that were all
In time I might endevour to recall
My grief, she is (my Lords) I speak what's true,
Ravish'd by death, nay, and by Tarquin too.

And if a worser sate than this can be,
lle swear there is no grief, no misery;
But to be short dear friends, I cannot now
Dispose of so much time, as to utter how:
But the last sound of my Lucretia's breath
Was this, Revenge my rape, condole my death.

The

The frightned aire had hardly cool'd his words,
Before the Nobles with their soon-drawn swords
Vow'd a compleat revenge, and to effect
Their vow'd designs, they suffer'd no neglect
To harbour in their breasts, but with a speed
Wing'd with affection they perform'd the deed.

If I fhould lavish time, and here relate
Their sev'rall battels, and their sev'rall fate,
I might perplex my Reader with a story
Of this mans ruine, and of that mans glory:
But at my period. I should only say,
Tarquins bad cause, not valour lost the day.

But let me say that in this satall cloud
Of ruine, Tarquins sather that did croud
Into the arms of danger to maintain
His sons vile cause, deservedly was slain:
And when young Tarquin heard his sathers sall,
He grew more desperate, lost himself and all.

Thus captive to his foes, his fullen breast

Swell'd more with malice, than it seem'd oppress;

For like a base Usurper, having thrust

Himself in power, his actions must be just:

Nay, though the sword decline him, yet would he

Make all Authentick by obduracie.

A brazen conscience findes a brazen face, Tarquin, because he knew his soul disgrace Could not receive addition, grew so bold, So peremptory, that what others told To him in grief, he in disdain, reply'd, Lucretia's rape, is Tarquins onely pride.

Since she is dead, the thing that grieves me most Is this, to think my spirits cannot boast Of more enjoyments; but Ile cease to crave, For I am well content with what I have;
And if I die, I charge thee grief, forbear, I am a Roman, and I scorn to fear.

Oh how Ile vex my foes! for when as I
Am brought to death, they shall not know I die;
Ile steal into a slumber, none shall say
They saw me die, although perhaps they may
Report they saw me dead; and Rome shall crie;
Targsin hath taught us how to scorn, and die.

Well then, where's their revenge? for I am sure A Roman spirit never can endure
To triumph ore a corps; when smiling death
Shall put a period to my yielding breath;
What then? Alas! they only can concur
In this one sense, he dy'd a Ravister.

Thus, thus insentiate Tarquin seems to show
More raging courage, than repentant woe;
His inconsiderate thoughts think all things good,
And slightly wade through poor Lucretia's blood;
Go forward Reader, and thou'lt quickly finde
An alter'd Tarquin, and a changed minde.

The Confuls after ferious debate
Concerning Tarquin, did agree, his fate
Should not be speedy death, but should be sent
Into a sad and lasting banishment,
That so his more deliberate thoughts might finde
A way to call his villany to minde.

This news arriving unto Tarquins ears,
He foon begins to argue with his fears:
Must I be fent, cryes he, into a place
Of no fociety, and there imbrace
Perpetual woe? Oh! how could Hell contrive
So great a plague to keep me still alive?

What shall I doe in this extreme abysse

Of woe and torments? Death had been a blisse

Beyond expression; Ah! must wretched I

Be so accurst t'offend, and yet not die?

Oh most prodigious fate! vile Ixions wheel

Had been a paradise to what I feel.

Methinks I feel a sudden fire that burns My very foul, my former comfort turns To present woe; methinks I grow, and swell Into a larger Continent, sure Hell Hath chang'd his mansion, and intends to make

My troubled Tenement his fiery lake.

Since fo it is, He labour to prevent Their swelling laughter with a forc'd content. Ile hide my forrows from their gazing eyes, Ile feem to flight their malice, and despife Their fcornful mocks, but yet my heart will tell My heart, that all within me, is not well.

But stay, shall I-forget my felf, was I not born A noble Roman, and shall I not scorn Their impositions; shall I now relent And prove a willing flave to discontent? Fie Tarquin, fie; but hark, I hear the summe Of my destruction, now my foes are come.

Courage my heart, be bold, and let them finde, Thou haft an Army in thy strength'ned minde, And if a pressing sigh should chance to fly Out of the prison of thy minde, deny It to be thine, fo shall thy prying eyes See thou disown'st their lavish tyrannies.

Even as the boysterous Ocean, if deny'd
A present passage for her swelling tyde
Swells and looks big, and with insulting waves
Assaults th' immoving shore which stoutly staves
Its sury off; but if it proudly swell
Above the banks, 'tis time to bid sarewell.

Even so our Tarquins passion, for a time
Found opposition, but at last did clime
Above his strength, and when it was too late,
He soon deplor'd his miserable state,
And being cast into a remote place,
He thus bewails his lamentable case.

Ah! what a fad Companion is a heart,
Burthen'd with guilt; Alas! I can impart
No comfort to my felf, all things declare
My ruine, that's attended with despair;
Methinks I have a still continued flood
Before my eyes, of chast Lucretia's blood.

Nor is my eye disturbed, but my ear
Is grown of late accustomed to hear
Strange dialects, methinks Lucretia cryes,
Revenge, revenge my wofull injuries:
And thus my eyes, my ears fadly portend
A present woe, a miserable end.

Thus in a fad discourse vile Tarquin goes

le knows not where, being usher'd by his woes;

At last arriving at a shadie grove,

lose by a wanton stream he fadly strove

To mitigate his sorrow, but his sire

Encreas'd above the reach of his desire.

am enflam'd, he cryes, could I devise
way to quench my forrows with my eyes;
ty eye enflam'd my heart, my heart combin'd
Vith my affections to corrupt my minde;
Thus minde, thus heart, obey'd a lustful call;
Thus lust procur'd my hate, and hate my fall.

th! how these silent sishes seem to sport, and revel in their cool aquarian Court!

Th! how they bathe themselves in their own stood, whilst I am parboy! d in a sea of blood!

Lucretia, an Lucretia! thou didst finde

A raped body, I a raped minde.

t last the Sylvane Choristers begun
heir warbling notes to the departing Sun,
hich Tarquin hearing with a deep-setch'd groan
e cry'd, How more than happy's every one
Of these care-wanting creatures I they are free
From the rude hand of griping tyrannie.

And now deploring *Philomel* begins
Her sad, and melancholy notes, and spins
Her tedious notes unto the smallest thred
As if she meant to strike poor *Tarquin* dead;

As if the meant to strike poor Tarquin dead For he no sooner heard her, but he cries, Sweet Philomel sorbear thy tyrannies.

Tell me thou woful wretch, doe not deny
Who was most villain * Terens, or I;
Was it not he did perpetrate thy rape,
And made thee wish thy self into this shape?
Since which sad time having banisht all delight,
Thy sham'd-fac'd forrows shroud themselves in

(night

* The Poets fain, that Philomel was a Lady of an incompa rable beauty, and being ravished by one Tercus, she imported ned the Gods that she might be turned into a Bird; since which time she sally deployed her missortune, and is vulgarly called a Nightingale.

Let me conjure thee *Philomel* to cease
Thy high-strain'd notes, for they doe much encrease
My raging grief; and now, ah now! I finde
Horrour in sweetnesse, why art thou unkinde,
And wilt not cease a thou shall not ring my keets.

And wilt not cease? thou shalt not ring my knell,

For Ile be gon, so Philomel, farewell.

Away goes Tarquin, Philomel pursues; The more he flyes, she more and more renewes Her ecchoing notes, he swears, she chants and reare Her shriller accents to his tortur'd ears.

Enrag'd he cryes, the Gods did doe thee wrong To take thy womans shape, yet leave her tongue.

Tarquin Banished! &c.

1 12

Will not entreaties move thee? wilt thou still Send arrowes to my foul, and be thus shrill? Peace witch thou tempt'st my patience, every note Derived from the Magick of thy throat Strikes me to death, but ah, I will not hear; For if thou find'st a tongue, Ile want an ear.

With that he stops his ears, but all in vaine,
His fancy turnes all Philomels, and straine
Far higher notes; so he, at length let sty
The portalls of his eares, and by and by
More then a slock of Nightingalls, being met,
They thus contrived to pay Lucretia's debt.

First, they encampe about his eares, and send A party out of notes, which recommend Themselves unto him, whil'st affrightn'd he Decayes, and reels into an extasse.

Then they affault him with full bodied notes Discharged from the Engine of their throats.

But Tarquin, not encouraged to abide
So hot a Charge, falls down, and falling dy'd.
Which they perceiving presently arise
And flockt about him, and pickt out his eyes;
From which sad story we may well infer,
That Philomes abhors a Ravisher.



